Bidding After Partner Raises

Major Suit Raises

If partner raises your 1♥ or 1♠ opening they show a fit (8+ cards) with your suit and

- 6-9 total points if they raise to the 2 level
- 10-11 (12) total points if they raise to the three level

Most partnerships use an immediate raise to game, such as $1 \pm -$ pass - $4 \pm$, to show a weak hand with 5-card support. This has the effect of jamming the auction, making life difficult for the opponents. If the contract fails then the opponents surely have a making contract which you prevented them from reaching. This approach means that responder has to adopt a different course with support for opener's major and game-going values. Conventional bids (such as Jacoby 2NT) are used show strong supporting hands.

After a double raise opener should pass only if they have a bare minimum.

After a single raise opener adds points for any shortages and decides whether to

- pass, if as many as 9 points in partner's hand is insufficient for game
- bid game immediately, if as few as 6 points in partner's hand is enough
- make an invitational bid, asking partner to bid game with a suitable hand or settle for the three level with an unsuitable hand

A new suit by opener after a single raise (eg $1 \ge -2 \ge -3 \le$) is often played as a trial bid, looking for help in that suit.

Minor Suit Raises

With a minor suit fit and thoughts of game you steer towards 3NT rather than an eleven trick game in the minor. A new suit by opener shows values in that suit and suggests no-trumps as a destination.

